به نام ایرد دانا

(کاربرگ طرح درس)



نيمسال اول سال تحصيلي ١٤٠٤

دانگده مندی محانیک

■ دکتری ■	رشناسی□ کارشناسی ارشد	مقطع: كار	تعداد واحد: نظری ۳		ن: انتقال حرارت	فارسى	نام
					ئاي <i>ى</i>	جابج	در <i>س</i>
			و همنیازها: –	پیشنیازها	Convection :	لاتين	ورس
					Heat Tran	sfer	
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	۱۸:۰۰–۱۸:۰۰ کلاس ۲۰۳						
ىبە <i>ى</i> توان پمپاژ در	س با آن و به طبع ان محاس	امد در تمار	سیال و سطح ج				
	، آرام و آشفته خارجی و داخلی						
تقال حرارت در	۱– محاسبه ضریب انتقال حرارت جابجایی بین جریان سیال و سطح جامد در تماس با آن و به طبع آن نرخ انتقال حرارت در						
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					مورد نیاز: کلاس– تخته ب		
امتحان پایان ترم		اول	امتحان میان ترم		فعالیتهای کلاسی و آموزش		-
50	20		20	15 درصد شامل تمرین و پروژه		٥	درصد نمر
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Wiley & Sons, NewYork, 1993.							

No.	Title	Events
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	Important Factors in Convection Heat Transfer,	
	Focal Point in Convection Heat Transfer,	First
1	The Continuum and Thermodynamic Equilibrium Concepts,	Session
	Fourier's Law of Conduction,	
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	Problem Solving Format	
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2	Conservation of Momentum: The N-S Equations of Motion	
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	CHAPTER 3: EXACT ONE-DIMENSIONAL SOLUTIONS	
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	Blasius Solution, Pohlhausen's Solution, and Scaling	
	Laminar Boundary Layer Flow over Semi infinite Flat	
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5	Integral Formulation of the Basic Laws	
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	Flow Field and Temperature over a Semi infinite Plate	
	CHAPTER 6: HEAT TRANSFER IN CHANNEL FLOW	
6	Hydrodynamic and Thermal Regions: General Features Flow and Temperature Field	

Hydrodynamic and Thermal Entrance Lengths Scale Analysis Analytic and Numerical Solutions: Laminar Flow Channels with Uniform Surface Heat Flux Channels with Uniform Surface **Temperature** Determination of Heat Transfer Coefficient h(x) and Nusselt Number Nu **Basic Considerations for the Analytical Determination of Heat Flux, Heat Transfer Coefficient and Nusselt** Number **Heat Transfer Coefficient in the Fully Developed Temperature** Region **Definition of Fully Developed Temperature Profile Heat Transfer Coefficient and Nusselt Number Fully Developed Region for Tubes at Uniform Surface Flux Fully Developed Region for Tubes at Uniform Surface Temperature Laminar Flow Through Tubes with Uniform Surface Temperature: Graetz Solution Laminar Flow Through Tubes With Uniform Surface Heat Flux CHAPTER 7: FREE CONVECTION** Features and Parameters of Free Convection **Governing Equations Boundary Conditions** Laminar Free Convection over a Vertical Plate: Uniform Surface **Temperature** 7 **Governing Equations Boundary Conditions Similarity Transformation Heat Transfer Coefficient and Nusselt Number** Laminar Free Convection over a Vertical Plate: Uniform Surface **Heat Flux**

	Inclined Plates
	Integral Method
	Integral Formulation of Conservation of Momentum Integral
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	Comparison with Exact Solution for Nusselt Number
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Energy Transfer in External Turbulent Flow

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Integral Method for Heat Transfer Coefficient

Effect of Surface roughness on Heat Transfer

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Entry Length

Governing Equations

Conservation Equations

Apparent Shear Stress and Heat Transfer

Mean Velocity and Temperature

Universal Velocity Profile

Results from Flat Plate Flow

Development in Cylindrical Coordinates

Velocity Profile for the Entire Pipe

Friction Factor for Pipe Flow

Blasius Correlation for Smooth Pipe

The 1/7th Power Law Velocity Profile

Prandtl's Law for Smooth Pipe

Effect of Surface Roughness

Momentum Heat Transfer Analogies

Reynolds Analogy for Pipe Flow

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Adapting FlatPlate Analogies to Pipe Flow

Other AnalogyBased Correlations

Algebraic Method Using Universal Temperature Profile

Other Correlations for Smooth Pipe

Heat Transfer in Rough Pipes

نحوه ارزشیابی:

توضيحات	نمره از	عنوان
	١٠٠	
- بعد از تحویل تمرینها به فاصله حداکثر یک هفته بایستی پاسخها	۱۵	تمرین و آزمونک و
تحویل شود.		پروژه درسی
در انتهای فصل ۴ (بر اساس کتاب جی جی)گرفته می	۲٠	آزمون میانترم ۱
شود(۱۴۰۴/۰۷/۲۹ ساعت ۸:۰۰ الی ۱۰:۰۰)		
در انتهای فصل ۶ گرفته می شود(۱۴۰۴/۰۹/۱۸ ساعت ۸:۰۰ الی	۲٠	آزمون میانترم ۲
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۱۴۰۴/۱۰/۳۰ ساعت ۱۰:۰۰	۵۰	آزمون نهایی

مقررات كلاس:

- ۱- حضور به موقع در کلاس قبل از ورود استاد.
 - ۲- توصیه می شود حتماً جزوه بنویسید.
- ۳- حضور منظم در کلاس توصیه می شود. حضور و غیاب دارای تاثیر مثبت می باشد.